BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notice, dated 9th February 1897.

The depositors of the Mysore Government Savings Bank, at Bangalore, are hereby requested to produce their Pass Books at the Bangalore District Treasury for entry of interest for the year 1895-96.

M. ANNAJI RAO, *Treasury Officer.*

Notice, dated 12th February 1897.

A currency note of the value of Rs. 100 and bearing No. $\frac{T}{63}$ 62018 was found on 3-12-96 in the possession of one Raju of Kalasipallyam, a cooly in the Cotton and Woollen Mills, Bangalore, who alleged that he found it on the Public Offices Road about eighteen days previously. The owner thereof is hereby desired to appear before the City Magistrate, Bangalore, and to establish his claims without delay; failing which, the property will be disposed of according to law.

G. DUNNING, *Supt. of Police, Bangalore Dt.*

The 10th February 1897.

A reward of Rs. 100 is offered by Mr. A. Raghavendra Rao, Pensioned Assistant Commissioner, to any person or persons who may recover or discover the property stolen in his house at Seringapatam about 10 or 12 days before the 6th February 1897.

Description of property.

A pair of gold "Toda" weighing more than 30 tolas, worth Rs. 800, in the form resembling the chain. In the place where both ends meet each "Toda" has got a nut and screw to be fitted on either sides of the hook.

Suspected person.

1. *Name.*—Gangadharappa.
2. *Caste.*—Brahmin, Smartha, Prathamasakhe.
3. *Residence.*—Arasanghatta village in the Nelamangala taluk.
4. *Occupation.*—Parcharika.
5. *Relatives or friends.*—Subbanna of the same caste, a hotel-keeper at Seringapatam, who, the complainant thinks must have known the secrets of the suspected person.
6. *When last seen.*—On the night of the 2nd February 1897 he left the complainant's house under the pretence of illness and said that he would go to his native place.

M. NANJARAJ ARAS,
Supt. of Police, French Rocks Sub-Division.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

COLLECTION OF RATES OR TAXES.

The following Sections of City Municipal Regulations are published for general information:—

Bills to be presented.

82. When any rate, rent, or tax is due, the President shall, prior to enforcing the provisions of Sections 83 to 87, inclusive, cause to be presented, to the person liable to the payment thereof, a bill for the sum due, which shall also contain a statement of the period and a description of the property or thing for which the rate, rent, or tax is charged, and also a notice of the liability incurred in default of payment.

Notice of demand.

83. If the bill is not paid by the person liable to pay the same, within seven days from the presentation thereof, the President may cause to be served upon such person a notice of demand, in the form contained in Schedule D, to these Regulations annexed, or to the like effect; and if he shall not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the President for non-payment of the same, such sum with all cost may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter, or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house, building, or land in respect of which a rate, rent or tax is due, by distress and sale of any goods and chattels found on the premises, under a warrant in the form contained in Schedule E, to these Regulations annexed, or to the like effect, to be issued for that purpose by the President. For every notice of demand under this section which the President shall cause to be served upon any person, a fee not exceeding one rupee, the amount of which shall be in each case fixed by the President, shall be paid by such person. Such fee shall be added to the amount of the rate or rent in respect of which the notice is given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such rate, rent, or tax may be levied.

Distress.

Rate due from owner may be recovered from occupier and deducted by him from his rent.

87. If the sum due on account of any rate, rent, or tax from the owner of any house, building, or land, remains unpaid, after notice of demand has been duly served, the President may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building, or land, and on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any movable property found on the premises; and in such case, the occupier may deduct from the next and following payments of his rent the amount which may be so paid by or recovered from him; provided that no arrear of rate, rent, or tax which has remained due from the owner of any house,